Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II (last amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Ampacoll® Airmax

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:
Adhesive

Uses advised against:
No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Ampack AG
Seebleichestrasse 50
CH-9401 Rorschach
T: +41 71 858 38 00
F: +41 71 858 38 37

Ampack Handels GmbH
Vorarlberger Wirtschaftspark 2
AT-6840 Götzis
T: +43 5523 53433
F: +43 5523 53426

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

GB

Tox Info Suisse, Freiestrasse 16, CH-8032 Zurich, Switzerland. Emergency phone: 145 (from abroad: +41 44 251 51 51)

IRL

National Poisons Information Centre, Beaumont Hospital, Dublin 9, Ireland, Tel.:
+353 (0)1 809 2166 (Public Poisons Info Line, 8am-10pm, 7 days a week)
+353 (0)1 809 2566 (Info for Healthcare Professionals ONLY, 24 h, 7 days a week)

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:
+43/ 5523/ 53433 (Mo - Fr) 08.00 - 11.30 /14.00 - 16.00)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement

Eye Irrit.	2	H319-Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin Irrit.	2	H315-Causes skin irritation.
Skin Sens.	1	H317-May cause an allergic skin reaction.
STOT SE	3	H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Aquatic Chronic	2	H411-Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Aerosol	1	H222-Extremely flammable aerosol.
Aerosol	1	H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

2.2 Label elements
Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)



Danger

H319-Causes serious eye irritation. H315-Causes skin irritation. H317-May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336-May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411-Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H222-Extremely flammable aerosol. H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211-Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251-Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P261-Avoid breathing vapours or spray. P273-Avoid release to the environment. P280-Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
P312-Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor if you feel unwell.
P410+P412-Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.
Acetone
Rosin
Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics
Hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized

2.3 Other hazards
The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (< 0,1 %).
The mixture does not contain any substance with endocrine disrupting properties (< 0,1 %).

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances
n.a.

3.2 Mixtures

Dimethyl ether	**Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.**
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119472128-37-XXXX
Index	603-019-00-8

EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	204-065-8
CAS	115-10-6
content %	30-50
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Flam. Gas 1A, H220

Acetone	**Substance for which an EU exposure limit value applies.**
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119471330-49-XXXX
Index	606-001-00-8
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	200-662-2
CAS	67-64-1
content %	5-15
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	EUH066 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119475515-33-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	927-510-4
CAS	---
content %	5-15
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119484651-34-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	931-254-9
CAS	(64742-49-0)
content %	5-15
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Rosin	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119480418-32-XXXX
Index	650-015-00-7
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	232-475-7
CAS	8050-09-7
content %	2,5-5
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Skin Sens. 1, H317

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119486291-36-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	926-605-8
CAS	---
content %	0,5-1

Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	EUH066 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized	
Registration number (REACH)	01-2119555292-40-XXXX
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP, REACH-IT List-No.	615-276-3
CAS	71302-83-5
content %	0,25-1
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP), M-factors	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.
The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.
The addition of the highest concentrations listed here can result in a classification. Only when this classification is listed in Section 2 does it apply. In all other cases the total concentration is below the classification.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures
First-aiders should ensure they are protected!
Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

Inhalation
Remove person from danger area.
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.
If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.

Skin contact
Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Eye contact
Remove contact lenses.
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

Ingestion
Typically no exposure pathway.
Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.
Do not induce vomiting. Consult doctor immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.
eyes, reddened
watering eyes
reddening of the skin
Dermatitis (skin inflammation)
Allergic reaction
headaches
dizziness
Coordination disorders
mental confusion

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable extinguishing media
Water jet spray / alcohol resistant foam / CO2 / dry extinguisher.
Unsuitable extinguishing media
High volume water jet
5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
In case of fire the following can develop:
Oxides of carbon
Toxic gases
Danger of bursting (explosion) when heated
Possible build up of explosive/highly flammable vapour/air mixture.
5.3 Advice for firefighters
For personal protective equipment see Section 8.
In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Protective respirator with independent air supply.
Full protection, if necessary.
Cool container at risk with water.
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
6.1.1 For non-emergency personnel
In case of spillage or accidental release, wear personal protective equipment as specified in section 8 to prevent contamination.
Ensure sufficient ventilation, remove sources of ignition.
Avoid dust formation with solid or powder products.
Leave the danger zone if possible, use existing emergency plans if necessary.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
6.1.2 For emergency responders
See section 8 for suitable protective equipment and material specifications.
6.2 Environmental precautions
Prevent from entering drainage system.
Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.
If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
If spray or gas escapes, ensure ample fresh air is available.
Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.
Active substance:
Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth) and dispose of according to Section 13.
Fill the absorbed material into lockable containers.
6.4 Reference to other sections
For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.
7.1 Precautions for safe handling
7.1.1 General recommendations
Ensure good ventilation.
Avoid inhalation of the vapours.
Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.
Take measures against electrostatic charging, if appropriate.
Do not use on hot surfaces.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.

Observe directions on label and instructions for use.
Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.
Store product closed and only in original packing.
Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
Observe special regulations for aerosols!
Observe special storage conditions.
Do not store with flammable or self-igniting materials.
Keep protected from direct sunlight and temperatures over 50°C.
Store in a well-ventilated place.
Store cool.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.
Observe the instructions for good working practice and the recommendations for risk assessment.
Consult hazardous substance information systems, e.g. from the professional associations, the chemical industry or different industries,
depending on the application (building materials, wood, chemistry, laboratory, leather, metal).

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Workplace exposure limit (WEL) of the total hydrocarbon solvent content of the mixture (RCP method according to EH40):
800 mg/m3

GB **Chemical Name**	Dimethyl ether	
WEL-TWA: 400 ppm (766 mg/m3) (WEL-TWA), 1000 ppm (1920 mg/m3) (EU)	WEL-STEL: 500 ppm (958 mg/m3) (WEL-STEL)	---
Monitoring procedures: - Compur - KITA-123 S (549 129)		
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

IRL **Chemical Name**	Dimethyl ether	
OELV-8h: 1000 ppm (1920 mg/m3) (OELV-8h, EU)	OELV-15min: ---	---
Monitoring procedures: - Compur - KITA-123 S (549 129)		
BLV: ---	Other information: IOELV	

GB **Chemical Name**	Acetone	
WEL-TWA: 500 ppm (1210 mg/m3) (WEL-TWA, EU)	WEL-STEL: 1500 ppm (3620 mg/m3) (WEL-STEL)	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Acetone 100/b (CH 22 901) - Draeger - Acetone 40/a (5) (81 03 381) - Compur - KITA-102 SA (548 534) - Compur - KITA-102 SC (548 550) - Compur - KITA-102 SD (551 109) - INSHT MTA/MA-031/A96 (Determination of ketones (acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, methyl isobutyl ketone) in air - Charcoal tube method / Gas chromatography) - 1996 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 67-1 (2004) - MDHS 72 (Volatile organic compounds in air – Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, thermal desorption and gas chromatography) - 1993 - NIOSH 1300 (KETONES I) - 1994 - NIOSH 2549 (VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SCREENING)) - 1996	

- NIOSH 2555 (KETONES I) - 2003 NIOSH 3800 (ORGANIC AND INORGANIC GASES BY EXTRACTIVE FTIR - SPECTROMETRY) - 2016 - OSHA 69 (Acetone) - 1988	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---

IRL **Chemical Name**	Acetone	
OELV-8h: 500 ppm (1210 mg/m3) (OELV-8h, EU)	OELV-15min: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Acetone 100/b (CH 22 901) - Draeger - Acetone 40/a (5) (81 03 381) - Compur - KITA-102 SA (548 534) - Compur - KITA-102 SC (548 550) - Compur - KITA-102 SD (551 109) INSHT MTA/MA-031/A96 (Determination of ketones (acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, methyl isobutyl ketone) in air - Charcoal tube method / Gas chromatography) - 1996 - EU project BC/CEN/ENTR/000/2002-16 card 67-1 - (2004) MDHS 72 (Volatile organic compounds in air – Laboratory method using pumped - solid sorbent tubes, thermal desorption and gas chromatography) - 1993 - NIOSH 1300 (KETONES I) - 1994 - NIOSH 2549 (VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (SCREENING)) - 1996 - NIOSH 2555 (KETONES I) - 2003 NIOSH 3800 (ORGANIC AND INORGANIC GASES BY EXTRACTIVE FTIR - SPECTROMETRY) - 2016 - OSHA 69 (Acetone) - 1988	
BLV: 50 mg/l (U, b) (ACGIH-BEI)	Other information: IOELV	

GB **Chemical Name**	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	
WEL-TWA: 800 mg/m3	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571) - Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581) - Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)	
BMGV: ---	Other information: (OEL acc. to RCP-method, paragraphs 84-87, EH40)	

IRL **Chemical Name**	Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics	
OELV-8h: 100 ppm (573 mg/m3) ("Stoddard solvent", [White spirit])	OELV-15min: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571) - Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581) - Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)	
BLV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB **Chemical Name**	Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	
WEL-TWA: 800 mg/m3	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571) - Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581) - Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)	
BMGV: ---	Other information: (OEL acc. to RCP-method, paragraphs 84-87, EH40)	

IRL **Chemical Name**	Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane	
OELV-8h: 100 ppm (573 mg/m3) ("Stoddard solvent", [White spirit])	OELV-15min: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571) - Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581) - Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)	
BLV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB **Chemical Name**	Rosin	
WEL-TWA: 0,05 mg/m3 (Rosin-based solder flux fume)	WEL-STEL: 0,15 mg/m3 (Rosin-based solder flux fume)	---

Monitoring procedures:	---
BMGV: ---	Other information: Sen (Rosin-based solder flux fume)

IRL **Chemical Name**	Rosin	
OELV-8h: 0,05 mg/m3 (Rosin core solder pyrolysis products (as airborne total resin acid))	OELV-15min: 0,15 mg/m3 (Rosin core solder pyrolysis products (as airborne total resin acid))	---
Monitoring procedures:	---	
BLV: ---	Other information: Sen (Rosin core solder pyrolysis products (as airborne total resin acid))	

GB **Chemical Name**	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	
WEL-TWA: 350 mg/m3 (cyclohexane)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571) - Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581) - Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

IRL **Chemical Name**	Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane	
OELV-8h: 100 ppm (573 mg/m3) ("Stoddard solvent", [White spirit])	OELV-15min: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571) - Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581) - Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)	
BLV: ---	Other information: ---	

Dimethyl ether

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,155	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,681	mg/kg	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,045	mg/kg	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	160	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,016	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	1,549	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,069	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	471	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1894	mg/m3	

Acetone

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - marine		PNEC	1,06	mg/l	Assessment factor 500
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	10,6	mg/l	Assessment factor 50
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	30,4	mg/kg dw	

	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	3,04	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	29,5	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	100	mg/l	
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	21	mg/l	Assessment factor 100
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	62	mg/kg bw/day	Overall assessment factor 2
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	62	mg/kg bw/day	Overall assessment factor 20
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	200	mg/m3	Overall assessment factor 5
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	186	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	2420	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1210	mg/m3	

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	149	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	149	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	447	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	300	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	2085	mg/m3	

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1301	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1377	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1131	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	13964	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	5306	mg/m3	

Rosin

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,005	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,0005	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	1000	mg/l	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	21,4	mg/kg	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	0,007	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	0,0007	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	0,016	mg/l	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	10	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	35	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	10	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	17	mg/kg bw/d	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	117	mg/m3	

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1377	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1131	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1301	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	13964	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	5306	mg/kg	

GB - United Kingdom | WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit - 8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/CE, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/CE, 2017/164/EU). (11) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (2004/37/CE). |
| WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit - 15-minute reference period (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). |
| BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)).
(EU) = Directive 98/24/EC or 2004/37/EC or SCOEL (Biological Limit Value - BLV, Recommendation from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL)) |
| Other information (EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)): Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, 2019/1831/EU or 2024/869/EU:
(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (98/24/EC, 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance

can cause sensitisation of the skin (2004/37/CE), (15) = Substantial contribution to the total body burden via dermal exposure possible. |

IRL - Ireland/Éire | OELV-8h = Occupational Exposure Limit Value - 8-hour reference period (Chemical Agents and Carcinogens CoP (Code of Practice) 2021, HSA (Health and Safety Authority)): (IFV) = Inhalable Fraction and Vapour. (I) = Inhalable Fraction. (R) = Respirable Fraction.
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (11) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/CE). (12) = Inhalable fraction. Respirable fraction in those Member States that implement, on the date of the entry into force of this Directive, a biomonitoring system with a biological limit value not exceeding 0,002 mg Cd/g creatinine in urine (2004/37/CE). |
| OELV-15min = Occupational Exposure Limit Value - 15-minute reference period (Chemical Agents and Carcinogens CoP (Code of Practice) 2021, HSA (Health and Safety Authority)): (IFV) = Inhalable Fraction and Vapour. (I) = Inhalable Fraction. (R) = Respirable Fraction.
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU or 2019/1831/EU:
(8) = Inhalable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (9) = Respirable fraction (2004/37/EC, 2017/164/EU). (10) = Short-term exposure limit value in relation to a reference period of 1 minute (2017/164/EU). |
| BMGV = Biological Monitoring Guidance Value (Biological Monitoring Guidelines 2011, HSA (Health and Safety Authority)): ACGIH-BEI = BMGV have been sourced from Biological Exposure Indices (BEI) as issued by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). SCOEL = BMGV have been sourced from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limit Values (SCOEL) which was set up by a Commission Decision (95/320/EC) with the mandate to advise the European Commission on occupational exposure limits for chemicals in the workplace. HSE = BMGV have been sourced from the Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK.
(EU) = Directive 98/24/EC or 2004/37/EC or SCOEL (Biological Limit Value - BLV, Recommendation from the Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL)) |
| Other information (Chemical Agents and Carcinogens CoP (Code of Practice) 2021, HSA (Health and Safety Authority)): Carc1A, Carc1B = carcinogenic substance, Cat. 1A or 1B. Muta1A, Muta1B = mutagenic substance, Cat. 1A or 1B. Repr1A, Repr1B = Substances known to be toxic for reproduction, Cat. 1A or 1B. Sk = can be absorbed through skin. Asphx = asphyxiant. Sen = Respiratory sensitizer. BOELV = Binding Occupational Exposure Limit Values. IOELV = Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values.
(EU) = Directive 91/322/EEC, 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC, 2004/37/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, 2017/164/EU, 2019/1831/EU or 2024/869/EU:
(13) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin and of the respiratory tract (98/24/EC, 2004/37/CE), (14) = The substance can cause sensitisation of the skin (2004/37/CE), (15) = Substantial contribution to the total body burden via dermal exposure possible. |

8.2 Exposure controls
8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.
If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.
Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.
Suitable assessment methods for reviewing the effectiveness of protection measures adopted include metrological and non-metrological investigative techniques.
These are specified by e.g. EN 14042.
EN 14042 "Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents".

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:
Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:
Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN ISO 374).
Recommended
Protective nitrile gloves (EN ISO 374).

Minimum layer thickness in mm:
>= 0,5
Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:
>= 480
Protective hand cream recommended.
The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 16523-1 were not obtained under practical conditions.
The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.

Skin protection - Other:
Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:
If OES or MEL is exceeded.
Filter A P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white
Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:
Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.
In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.
Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.
Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.
Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.
In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.
The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls
No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Aerosol. Active substance: liquid.
Colour:	Light yellow
Odour:	Characteristic
Melting point/freezing point:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	There is no information available on this parameter.
Flammability:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Lower explosion limit:	3,3 Vol-%
Upper explosion limit:	26,2 Vol-%
Flash point:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Auto-ignition temperature:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Decomposition temperature:	There is no information available on this parameter.
pH:	Mixture is non-polar/aprotic.
Kinematic viscosity:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Solubility:	Insoluble
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	Does not apply to mixtures.
Vapour pressure:	4 bar (20°C)
Density and/or relative density:	0,809 g/cm3 (20°C)
Relative vapour density:	Does not apply to aerosols.
Particle characteristics:	Does not apply to aerosols.

9.2 Other information

Explosives:	When using: development of explosive vapour/air mixture possible.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity
The product has not been tested.

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable with proper storage and handling.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
No dangerous reactions are known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Heating, open flame, ignition sources
Pressure increase will result in danger of bursting.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Avoid contact with strong alkalis.
Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.
Avoid contact with strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Ampacoll® Airmax						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.

Dimethyl ether						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	164	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative

Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 477 (Genetic Toxicology - Sex-Linked Recessive Lethal Test in Drosophilia melanogaster)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:	NOAEC	47000	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	5000	ppm	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAEC	47106	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 452 (Chronic Toxicity Studies)	Negative(2 a)
Aspiration hazard:						No

Acetone

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	5800-7190	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>15800	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	76	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Guinea pig		Not irritant, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Eye Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Guinea pig	OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitizising
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mammalian	OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:				Mouse		Negative, References
Reproductive toxicity (Developmental toxicity):	NOAEC	2200	ppm	Rat	OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						STOT SE 3, H336, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), oral:	NOAEL	900	mg/kg bw/d	Rat	OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
Symptoms:						unconsciousness, vomiting, headaches, gastrointestinal disturbances, fatigue, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea, drowsiness

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5840	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2800-3100	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>23,3	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Vapours
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Irritant
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Symptoms:						diarrhoea, headaches, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>16750	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>3350	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	259354	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Vapours
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Skin Irrit. 2
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	No (skin contact)
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEC	10560	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 416 (Two-generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)	
Aspiration hazard:						Asp. Tox. 1

Symptoms:						drowsiness, unconsciousness, heart/circulatory disorders, headaches, cramps, drowsiness, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.

Rosin

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	2800	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Mechanical irritation possible.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Negative, Does not conform with EU classification.
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOEL	3000	ppm	Rat	OECD 421 (Reproduction/Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)	No indications of such an effect.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAEL	600	mg/kg/d	Rat	OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
Aspiration hazard:						No
Symptoms:						asthmatic symptoms, headaches, gastrointestinal disturbances, dizziness, nausea

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	16750	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	3350	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	Analogous conclusion
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	> 20	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Vapours, Analogous conclusion

Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	No (skin contact)
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Rat	OECD 475 (Mammalian Bone Marrow Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:					OECD 451 (Carcinogenicity Studies)	Negative
Reproductive toxicity:					OECD 414 (Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study)	Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:	NOAEC	10,504	mg/l	Rat	OECD 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity - 90-Day Study)	Vapours, Analogous conclusion
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Symptoms:						respiratory distress, drying of the skin., drowsiness, annoyance, heart/circulatory disorders, coughing, headaches, cramps, drowsiness, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.

Hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 423 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Yes (skin contact)
Aspiration hazard:						No

11.2. Information on other hazards

Ampacoll® Airmax						
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
Endocrine disrupting properties:						Does not apply to mixtures.
Other information:						No other relevant information available on adverse effects on health.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

Ampacoll® Airmax							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
12.1. Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
12.4. Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties:							Does not apply to mixtures.
12.7. Other adverse effects:							No information available on other adverse effects on the environment.

Dimethyl ether							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC0	96h	2695	mg/l	Pimephales promelas		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	3082	mg/l	Salmo gairdneri		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>4,1	mg/l	Poecilia reticulata		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>4,4	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	96h	154,9	mg/l	Chlorella vulgaris		
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	5	%		OECD 301 D (Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test)	Not readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-0,07				Bioaccumulation is unlikely (LogPow < 1). 25°C (pH 7)
12.4. Mobility in soil:	H (Henry)		518,6	Pa*m3/mol			No adsorption in soil.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10		>1600	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		
Water solubility:			45,60	mg/l			25°C

Acetone							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	5540	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	7500	mg/l	Leuciscus idus		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	8300	mg/l	Lepomis macrochirus		
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	EC50	96h	8300	mg/l	Lepomis macrochirus		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	28d	2212	mg/l	Daphnia pulex	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	6100-12700	mg/l	Daphnia magna		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	8800	mg/l	Daphnia pulex	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	48h	4740	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	48h	3400	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata		
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	8d	530	mg/l		DIN 38412 T.9	Test organism: M. aeruginosa
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		30d	81-92	%		Regulation (EC) 440/2008 C.4-E (DETERMINATION OF 'READY' BIODEGRADABILITY - CLOSED BOTTLE TEST)	Readily biodegradable
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	91	%		OECD 301 A (Ready Biodegradability - DOC Die-Away Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	91	%		OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-0,24			OECD 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) - Shake Flask Method)	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		3				Low

12.4. Mobility in soil:							No adsorption in soil.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC10	30min	1000	mg/l	activated sludge	OECD 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test (Carbon and Ammonium Oxidation))	
Toxicity to bacteria:	BOD/COD	16h	1700	mg/l	Pseudomonas putida		
Other organisms:	EC5	72h	28	mg/l	Entosiphon sulcatum		
Other information:	BOD5		1760-1900	mg/g			
Other information:	AOX		0	%			
Other information:	COD		2070-2100	mg/g			

Hydrocarbons, C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	>13,4	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	28d	1,534	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	1	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	3	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	29	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	6,3	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	98	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOEC/NOEL	28d	4,09	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	QSAR	

12.1. Toxicity to fish:	EC50	96h	18,27	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	7,14	mg/l	Daphnia magna	QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	3,87	mg/l	Daphnia magna		Analogous conclusion
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	13,56	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErL50	72h	55	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	Analogous conclusion
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	98	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	Readily biodegradable (Analogous conclusion), Analogous conclusion
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Kow		4				
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Rosin

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOELR	96h	1	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio		
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	LC0	48h	3,8-5,4	mg/l		OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	400-410	mg/l	Scenedesmus subspicatus	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	89	%		OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		<=130				Oncorhyncus mykiss
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50	3h	>10000	mg/l	activated sludge	DIN EN ISO 11348-2	
Water solubility:			<1	mg/l			20°C

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	LL50	96h	12	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to fish:	NOELR	28d	2,187	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	NOELR	21d	3,818	mg/l	Daphnia magna	QSAR	
12.1. Toxicity to daphnia:	EL50	48h	3	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	

12.1. Toxicity to algae:	NOEC/NOEL	72h	30	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.1. Toxicity to algae:	ErL50	72h	55	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability:		28d	81	%	activated sludge	OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	Readily biodegradable
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Hydrocarbons, C9-unsaturated, polymerized							
Toxicity / effect	**Endpoint**	**Time**	**Value**	**Unit**	**Organism**	**Test method**	**Notes**
12.2. Persistence and degradability:							Readily biodegradable
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:
The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.
Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)
16 05 04 gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances
08 04 09 waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances
Recommendation:
Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.
Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Take full aerosol cans to problem waste collection.
Take emptied aerosol cans to valuable material collection.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.
Do not perforate, cut up or weld uncleaned container.
15 01 04 metallic packaging

SECTION 14: Transport information

General statements

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:	1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	
UN 1950 AEROSOLS	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	2.1
14.4. Packing group:	-
14.5. Environmental hazards:	environmentally hazardous
Tunnel restriction code:	D
Classification code:	5F
LQ:	1 L



Transport category: 2

Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

14.1. UN number or ID number: 1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name:
UN 1950 AEROSOLS (HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2.1
14.4. Packing group: -
14.5. Environmental hazards: environmentally hazardous
Marine Pollutant: Yes
EmS: F-D, S-U




Transport by air (IATA)

14.1. UN number or ID number: 1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name:
UN 1950 Aerosols, flammable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 2.1
14.4. Packing group: -
14.5. Environmental hazards: environmentally hazardous



14.6. Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.
All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.
Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.
Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.
Danger code and packing code on request.
Comply with special provisions.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Observe restrictions:
Comply with national regulations/laws governing the protection of young people at work (national implementation of the Directive 94/33/EC)!
This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148. All suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts should be reported to the relevant national contact point.
For exceptions see Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 and guidelines for the implementation of Regulation (EU) 2019/1148.
Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Directive 2012/18/EU ("Seveso III"), Annex I, Part 1 - The following categories apply to this product (others may also need to be considered according to storage, handling etc.):

Hazard categories	Notes to Annex I	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Lower-tier requirements	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) of dangerous substances as referred to in Article 3(10) for the application of - Upper-tier requirements
E2		200	500
P3a	11.1	150 (netto)	500 (netto)

The Notes to Annex 1 of Directive 2012/18/EU, in particular those named in the tables here and notes 1-6, must be taken into account when assigning categories and qualifying quantities.

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 520 g/l

Observe incident regulations.

National requirements/regulations on safety and health protection must be applied when using work equipment.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revised sections: 11, 12
Employee training in handling dangerous goods is required.
These details refer to the product as it is delivered.
Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT SE 3, H336	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H222	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 1, H229	Classification based on the form or physical state.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents.
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H220 Extremely flammable gas.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation
Skin Irrit. — Skin irritation
Skin Sens. — Skin sensitization
STOT SE — Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - narcotic effects
Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic
Aerosol — Aerosols
Flam. Gas — Flammable gases - Flammable gas
Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid
Asp. Tox. — Aspiration hazard

Key literature references and sources for data:
Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended.
Guidelines for the preparation of safety data sheets as amended (ECHA).
Guidelines on labelling and packaging according to the Regulation (EG) Nr. 1272/2008 (CLP) as amended (ECHA).
Safety data sheets for the constituent substances.
ECHA Homepage - Information about chemicals.
GESTIS Substance Database (Germany).
German Environment Agency "Rigoletto" information site on substances that are hazardous to water (Germany).
EU Occupation Exposure Limits Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU, (EU) 2017/164, (EU) 2019/1831, each as amended.
National Lists of Occupational Exposure Limits for each country as amended.

Regulations on the transport of hazardous goods by road, rail, sea and air (ADR, RID, IMDG, IATA) as amended.

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

acc., acc. to according, according to
ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds
approx. approximately
Art., Art. no. Article number
ASTM ASTM International (American Society for Testing and Materials)
ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate
BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (= Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
BCF Bioconcentration factor
BSEF The International Bromine Council
CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
DOC Dissolved organic carbon
e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
EbCx, EyCx, EbLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on reduction of the biomass (algae, plants)
EC European Community
ECHA European Chemicals Agency
ECx, ELx (x = 0, 3, 5, 10, 20, 50, 80, 100) Effect Concentration/Level for x % effect
EEC European Economic Community
EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN European Norms
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
ErCx, EμCx, ErLx (x = 10, 50) Effect Concentration/Level of x % on inhibition of the growth rate (algae, plants)
etc. et cetera
EU European Union
EVAL Ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer
Fax. Fax number
gen. general
GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GWP Global warming potential
Koc Adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil
Kow octanol-water partition coefficient
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association
IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)
IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
incl. including, inclusive
IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database
IUPAC International Union for Pure Applied Chemistry
LC50 Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
Log Koc Logarithm of adsorption coefficient of organic carbon in the soil
Log Kow, Log Pow Logarithm of octanol-water partition coefficient
LQ Limited Quantities
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
mg/kg bw mg/kg body weight
mg/kg bw/d, mg/kg bw/day mg/kg body weight/day
mg/kg dw mg/kg dry weight

mg/kg wwt mg/kg wet weight
n.a. not applicable
n.av. not available
n.c. not checked
n.d.a. no data available
NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (USA)
NLP No-longer-Polymer
NOEC, NOEL No Observed Effect Concentration/Level
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
org. organic
OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA)
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PE Polyethylene
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
ppm parts per million
PVC Polyvinylchloride
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
REACH-IT List-No. 6/7/8/9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern
Tel. Telephone
TOC Total organic carbon
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VOC Volatile organic compounds
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.
No responsibility.
These statements were made by:

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